(1) सदर प्रश्नपत्रकेन्द्र 100 अनिवार्य प्रश्न आहेत. उमेदवारांनी प्रश्नात उत्तरहीन सहायता करण्यास आहात. सर्व प्रश्नही उत्तर दिल्यास बाहेर करा. तसेच अन्य काही देखील आवश्यक नसेल, तर ते सर्वप्रमाणे सहायता करण्यास आहात.

(2) आपल्या प्रश्नांक-क्रमांक हा जाणून घेऊन नसेल तर ते दिल्यास निवडणारे नाही.

(3) या प्रश्नपत्रकेन्द्रातील प्रश्नांक हा तुम्हच्या उत्तरांकांच्या विभेदांमध्ये जाणून घेऊन उत्तरांककेन्द्रातील प्रश्नांकाच्या निवडणारे नाही.

(4) एक व्यक्ती या प्रश्नांकांमध्ये 4 पाच वातांनी माहिती अशी आहे: प्रश्नांक 1, 2, 3 आणि 4. या 4 प्रश्नांकांमध्ये 2, 3 आणि 4 प्रश्नांकांची सहभागीता असणे आवश्यक आहे. त्याच्या सहभागीतेने त्याच्या महत्वाच्या विषयात उत्तरहीन असलेले प्रश्नांकांमध्ये 4 प्रश्नांकांमध्ये सहभागीता असणे आवश्यक आहे.

(5) सर्व प्रश्नांना उत्तरदायी व्यक्ती यांनी या प्रश्नांकांमध्ये 2, 3 आणि 4 प्रश्नांकांमध्ये सहभागीता असणारी आहेत. मानवाने प्रश्नांक 2, 3 आणि 4 प्रश्नांकांमध्ये उत्तर देऊन सर्व प्रश्नांकांमध्ये सहभागीता असते. त्याच्या सहभागीतेने त्याच्या महत्वाच्या विषयात उत्तरदायी असलेले प्रश्नांकांमध्ये 2, 3 आणि 4 प्रश्नांकांमध्ये सहभागीता असणे आवश्यक आहे.

(6) या प्रश्नांकांमध्ये 2, 3 आणि 4 प्रश्नांकांमध्ये उत्तरदायी असलेली प्रश्नांकांमध्ये 2, 3 आणि 4 प्रश्नांकांमध्ये सहभागीता असणे आवश्यक आहे.

(7) प्रश्नांकांमध्ये 2, 3 आणि 4 प्रश्नांकांमध्ये सहभागीता असणे आवश्यक आहे. त्याच्या सहभागीतेने त्याच्या महत्वाच्या विषयात उत्तरदायी असलेले प्रश्नांकांमध्ये 2, 3 आणि 4 प्रश्नांकांमध्ये सहभागीता असणे आवश्यक आहे.
1. and were two Building Contractors in Mumbai who realised the importance of modern print media in the spread of ideas and donated a printing press to the Satyashodhak Samaj so that the Samaj could publish their books and journals.

(1) Tukaram Padval and Krishnarao Bhalekar
(2) Vyanku Baloji Kalewar and Ramayya Vyankayya Ayyawaru
(3) Ganpatrao Patil and Krishnarao Bhalekar
(4) Jaaya Karadi Linga and Jaysingrao Saibu Vadnala

2. got the prestigious Shivaji scholarship to go to England for studying law.

(1) Khudiram Bose
(2) Gopal Krishna Gokhale
(3) Vinayak Damodar Savarkar
(4) Shyamji Krishna Varma

3. Arrange these movements led by Dr. Ambedkar in their chronological order.

a. Kalaram Mandir Satyagraha
b. Chowdar Tank Satyagraha
c. Burning the text of Manusmriti
d. Movement of religious conversion

Answer options:

(1) a, b, c, d
(2) b, c, a, d
(3) a, c, b, d
(4) b, c, d, a

4. Noted philosopher and public intellectual Tarkateerth Laxmmanshastri Joshi, in his article discussing the Indian Renaissance, compared the _______ in Maharashtra with the Protestant Reformation in Europe.

(1) Bhakti Movement
(2) National Movement
(3) Non-Brahmin Movement
(4) Tribal Movement
5. The founder of Kamgar Hitvardhak Sabha is
(1) Narayan Meghaji Lokhande
(2) S.N. Bhalerao
(3) Shripad Amrit Dange
(4) Bhivaji Nare

6. Which of the following plays was not prescribed by the British government?
(1) Keechakvadh
(2) Dandadhari
(3) Vijay Toran
(4) Tritiya Ratna

7. _______ was sentenced to two years of rigorous imprisonment for publishing a seditious book. The British government in 1924, offered to set him free, provided he was to accept certain conditions, however he refused such a conditional release.
(1) Hasrat Mohani
(2) Rangrao Diwakar
(3) Rambhau Pradhan
(4) B.G. Horniman
8. Which of the following statements about Mahatma Phule is *not true*?

(1) He started a shelter for prevention of infanticide.
(2) He authored the book ‘Jati Bhed Vivek Saar’.
(3) He was supported in his work by Moro Vitthal Walvekar.
(4) He founded Satyashodhak Samaj.

The Bombay Provincial Legislative Council passed an act concerning compulsory primary education but did not define any deadline nor specified the responsibility of education and hence invited strong criticism from ________

(1) R.P. Paranjpe
(2) Sitaram Keshav Bole
(3) Chimanlal Setalvad
(4) B.R. Ambedkar

9. The Bombay Provincial Legislative Council passed an act concerning compulsory primary education but did not define any deadline nor specified the responsibility of education and hence invited strong criticism from ________

(1) R.P. Paranjpe
(2) Sitaram Keshav Bole
(3) Chimanlal Setalvad
(4) B.R. Ambedkar

10. A three-member commission appointed to make recommendations regarding the financial relations between the princely states and the British government in India was headed by ________

(1) W.S. Holdsworth
(2) Sidney Peel
(3) Rushbrook Williams
(4) Harcourt Butler
Dr. Babasaheb Ambedkar was chosen as the Chairman of Drafting Committee of the Constituent Assembly on

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<td>1</td>
<td>20th August 1947</td>
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Functions of the Speaker of Legislative Assembly are

a. To preside over the meetings of the Legislative Assembly.

b. To interpret rules of business and enforce them.

c. To appoint the chairman of different committees of the House.

**Answer options:**

(1) Only a, b

(2) Only a, c

(3) Only b, c

(4) All of the above

The 123rd Constitution Amendment Bill 2017 is dealing with

(1) Women reservations in Parliament

(2) Amendment to 6th Schedule of Constitution of India

(3) Granting National Commission on Backward Classes (NCBC) constitutional status

(4) Substituting the name of the language which appeared as ‘Oriya’ in the 8th Schedule of the Constitution of India with ‘Odia’
14. Find the incorrect statements about Supreme Court of India (SCI).

a. SCI functioned from the Parliamentary House till it moved to the present building.
b. The Constitution of India has left it to the Parliament to increase the number of judges of SCI.
c. Prior to SCI, from 1937 to 1950 the Federal Court of India was in place of it.
d. The proceedings of the Supreme Court of India are conducted in English and Hindi only.

**Answer options:**

(1) a, b  (2) Only d  (3) c, d  (4) Only a

15. Which one of the following statements about the ‘Preamble’ of the Constitution is not correct?

(1) It is based on the ‘Objective Resolution’ drafted and moved by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru.
(2) In the LIC of India case (1995), the Supreme Court held that the ‘Preamble’ is an integral part of the Constitution.
(3) The 42nd Amendment Act of 1975 added three new words – Socialist, Secular and Unity to the Preamble.
(4) It is neither a source of power to legislature nor a prohibition upon the powers of legislature.
16. Match the pairs regarding comments of experts about the Indian Federation:

a. K.C. Wheare I. Bargaining federation
b. Granville Austin II. Co-operative federation
c. Morris-Jones III. Quasi-federal
d. Ivor Jennings IV. Federation with a strong centralising tendency

Answer options:

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</table>
The scope of Right to life and personal liberty (Article 21) includes:

a. Right to strike
b. Right to go abroad
c. Prisoners right to have necessities of life
d. Right to bonus
e. Right against solitary confinement

**Answer options:**

(1) a, b  
(2) b, c, e  
(3) a, b, d  
(4) c, d, e

---

Which one of the following statements is **false**? (With reference to Maharashtra)

(1) The Chairman of the Legislative Council has to nominate not more than five members to represent on the ‘Estimate Committee’.

(2) The Chairman of the Legislative Council has to nominate not more than five members on the committee on ‘Panchayati Raj’.

(3) The Chairman of the Legislative Council has to nominate not more than five members to represent on the committee on ‘Public Undertakings’.

(4) None of the above
19. Which of the following is/are not included as Fundamental Duties in Article 51A of the Constitution of India?

a. To value and preserve the rich heritage of the country's composite culture.

b. To develop the scientific temper, humanism and the spirit of inquiry and reform.

c. To protect monuments, places and objects of artistic or historic significance which are declared to be of national importance.

d. To prohibit the consumption of intoxicating drinks and drugs which are injurious to health.

**Answer options:**

(1) a, b and c
(2) b, c and d
(3) c and d
(4) Only b

20. Which one of the following Articles of the Directive Principles of State Policy deals with the separation of judiciary from executive?

(1) 47  (2) 48  (3) 49  (4) 50

**Answer:**

(1) 47  (2) 48  (3) 49  (4) 50
21. जोक्षा लावा – (संयुक्त महाराष्ट्र चब्बीखण्डीत वृत्तत्त्व)

‘अ’ (वृत्तत्त्व)       ‘ब’ (संपादक / मालक)

अ. प्रबोधन           I. दिनु रणदिवे
ब. नवयुग             II. केशव ठाकरे
क. प्रभात             III. वालचंद कोठारी
ड. संयुक्त महाराष्ट्र पत्रिका IV. प्रल्हाद अत्रे

पर्यायी उत्तरे:

अ  ब  क  ड
(1) III  IV  I  II
(2) II   III  IV  I
(3) II   IV  III  I
(4) IV  II  I  III

Match the pairs – (Newspapers in Samyukta Maharashtra Movement)

'A' (Newspaper)       'B' (Editor/Owner)

a. Prabodhan           I. Dinu Randive
b. Navyug              II. Keshav Thakre
c. Prabhat              III. Walchand Kothari
d. Samyukta Maharashtra Patrika IV. Pralhad Atre

Answer options:

a  b  c  d
(1) III  IV  I  II
(2) II   III  IV  I
(3) II   IV  III  I
(4) IV  II  I  III
22. Match the following pairs correctly regarding Constitutional provisions:

A. Article 153 I. The Speaker and Deputy Speaker of the Legislative Assembly
B. Article 178 II. Advocate-General for the State
C. Article 171 III. There shall be a Governor for each State
D. Article 165 IV. Composition of the Legislative Council

Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

Answer options:

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Match the following pairs correctly regarding Constitutional provisions:

'A' (Articles)       'B' (Provisions)
a. Article 153       I. The Speaker and Deputy Speaker of the Legislative Assembly
b. Article 178       II. Advocate-General for the State
c. Article 171       III. There shall be a Governor for each State
d. Article 165       IV. Composition of the Legislative Council

Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

Answer options:

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23. योग क्या ओळखता।
अ. संयुक्त महाराष्ट्र समितीची स्थापना एल.एम. जोशी यांच्या अध्यक्षतेच्या पुढे 6 फेब्रुवारी, 1956 रोजी झाली।
ब. भारतीय जनसंघ, श्रीकृष्ण कास्ट केंद्रे महासभेच्या सामूहिक माहितीपत्र बघलेले होते।
पर्यायी उत्तरे:

(1) फलता अ 
(2) फलता ब 
(3) अ आणि ब दोळ्याची नाही 
(4) अ आणि ब दोळ्याची नाही 

Select the correct statement.

a. Samyukta Maharashtra Samiti was established under the chairmanship of S.M. Joshi in Pune on 6 February, 1956.

b. Bhartiya Jansangh, Schedule Caste Federation and Hindu Mahasabha were involved in Samyukta Maharashtra Samiti.

Answer options:

(1) Only a 
(2) Only b 
(3) Both a and b 
(4) Neither a nor b 

24. खासीतैपणी कोणते विद्यान सुंदरीसाठे आहे?
अ. अध्यादेशाने – संसदेच्या कायदापासून अधिक प्रमाणात मूलभूत हक्कमध्ये उठवणे केले जायचे शक्त नाही.
ब. अध्यादेश – पूर्वीच्या प्रमाणात किंवा संसदेच्या कोणतीही कायदा दुरुस्त करणात किंवा रद्द करणात असू शक्ती.
क. अध्यादेशाचा अधिकार राष्ट्रीय अंतरंग विकासाच्या सल्लांविषयीच्या वापस शक्ती.

पर्यायी उत्तरे:

(1) फलता अ 
(2) फलता ब 
(3) फलता क 
(4) कोणतेही नाही 

Which one of the following statements is incorrect?

a. An ordinance cannot contravene the Fundamental Rights any more than an act of Parliament.

b. An ordinance may be retrospective or may amend or repeal any act of Parliament itself.

c. The power of ordinance can be exercised by the President without the advice of the Council of Ministers.

Answer options:

(1) Only a 
(2) Only b 
(3) Only c 
(4) None of the above
25. Which States abolished the Legislative Council in India?
   a. West Bengal  b. Tamil Nadu  c. Punjab  d. Gujarat
   
   **Answer options:**
   (1) a, b  (2) c, d  (3) a, b, c  (4) b, c, d

26. Consider the following statements about the ‘Attorney General’ of India:
   a. He holds office for a term of five years.
   b. He holds office during the pleasure of the President.
   c. He is entitled to the privileges of a member of Parliament.
   d. He is not a whole-time counsel for the Government nor a Government servant.
   
   **Answer options:**
   (1) Statements a, b are correct
   (2) Statements b, c, d are correct
   (3) Statements b, c are correct
   (4) Statements a, b, c, d are correct
27. कार्यकलापनुसार योग्य क्रम लाभ (महाराष्ट्राचे राज्यपाल) :

a. विजयलक्ष्मी पंडित
b. डॉ. शंकर दयाल शर्मा
c. पी. शी. अलेक्सांडर
d. पी. व्ही. चेरियन

यांच्या उलेचे :
(1) a, b, c, d
(2) a, b, d, c
(3) a, d, b, c
(4) a, c, b, d

Arrange in an appropriate order according to the tenure (Governors of Maharashtra):

a. Vijayalaxmi Pandit
b. Dr. Shankar Dayal Sharma
c. P.C. Alexander
d. P.V. Cherian

Answer options:
(1) a, b, c, d
(2) a, b, d, c
(3) a, d, b, c
(4) a, c, b, d

28. खालील जोडक्यांच्या योग्य उत्तर जुळवा:

कलम | तत्त्व
---|---
a. कलम - 54 | I. केंद्रीय कार्यकारी सत्ता राष्ट्रपतीचे ठिकाणी स्वीकार केले
b. कलम - 53 | II. भारताच्या राष्ट्रपती ची निवडणुक साठी विंचक मंडळ
c. कलम - 58 | III. भारताच्या राष्ट्रपती वरील महामिलन प्रक्रिया
d. कलम - 61 | IV. भारताच्या राष्ट्रपती ची निवडणुकी संबंधी सांसदांची पात्रता

खालील तिल्लेच्या संकेतानुसार योग्य उत्तर निवडा:

यांच्या उलेचे :
(1) IV II I II
(2) II I IV III
(3) III II IV I
(4) I IV III II

Match the following pairs correctly:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Articles</th>
<th>Provisions</th>
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</table>
a. Article - 54 | I. The Executive power of the Union shall be vested in the President |
b. Article - 53 | II. The electoral college for the election of the President of India |
c. Article - 58 | III. Impeachment process of the President of India |
d. Article - 61 | IV. Qualification for the election of President of India |

Choose the correct answer from the codes given below:

Answer options:
(1) IV III I II
(2) II I IV III
(3) III II IV I
(4) I IV III II
29. Select the correct statements.

a. Employment Guarantee Scheme Committee was established by Maharashtra State Legislature on 1972.
b. Employment Guarantee Scheme was initiated in Maharashtra on 1975.
c. Total number of members in Employment Guarantee Scheme Committee are 25.

Answer options:
(1) Only a, b  (2) Only b, c  (3) Only c  (4) Only b

30. Consider the following statements about the Chief Secretary of State:

a. He acts as the head of the State Civil Service.
b. He acts as the crisis administrator in chief.
c. He also acts as the Chief Secretary of the Zonal Council.
d. He acts as the principal channel of communication between State and Central Government.

e. He acts as the Residual Legatee.

Answer options:
(1) Statements a, b, c, d are correct  (2) Statements b, c, d, e are correct
(3) Statements a, b, d, e are correct  (4) Statements a, b, c, e are correct
31. Select the correct statements:

a. President has all powers of court-martial.
b. Governor has some powers of court-martial.
c. Death sentence can be pardoned by the President.
d. Death sentence can also be pardoned by the Governor.

Answer options:
(1) Only a, b
(2) Only b, d
(3) Only a, c
(4) Only c, d

32. Consider the following statements:

a. No law made by Parliament shall be deemed to be invalid on the ground that it would have extra-territorial operation.
b. Parliament has the power to make laws with respect to any matter for any part of the territory of India not included in a State notwithstanding that such matter is a matter enumerated in the State List.

Answer options:
(1) Statement a is correct
(2) Statement b is correct
(3) Both the statements are false
(4) Both the statements are correct
33. जोड़का लावा (भारतीय उच्च न्यायालयों):

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<td>मध्य प्रदेश</td>
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<td>ड.</td>
<td>दिल्ली</td>
<td>IV. 1966</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

पर्यायी उत्तरे:

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<td>(4)</td>
<td>IV</td>
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<td>II</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

Match the pairs (High Courts in India):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>'A' (High Court)</th>
<th>'B' (Establishment Year)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Rajasthan</td>
<td>I. 1975</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Sikkim</td>
<td>II. 1949</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Madhya Pradesh</td>
<td>III. 1936</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. Delhi</td>
<td>IV. 1966</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Answer options:

<table>
<thead>
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<th>a</th>
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34. सद्या महाराष्ट्र विधानसभा एक मतदारसंघ हें अनुसूचित जातीयसाडी राष्ट्रीय आहेत आणि ______ मतदारसंघ हें अनुसूचित जातीयसाडी राष्ट्रीय आहेत.

(1) 33 – 14      (2) 15 – 16      (3) 29 – 25      (4) 26 – 27

At present ______ constituencies are reserved for Scheduled Caste and ______ are reserved for Scheduled Tribes of the Legislative Assembly of Maharashtra.

(1) 33 – 14      (2) 15 – 16      (3) 29 – 25      (4) 26 – 27
35. Select the correct statements:

a. A Money Bill can be introduced only in the Lok Sabha.
b. An Ordinary Bill can be introduced either in the Lok Sabha or Rajya Sabha.
c. A Money Bill can be introduced in Parliament on the recommendation of the President.
d. An Ordinary Bill can be introduced in Parliament on the recommendation of the President.

**Answer options:**
1. Only a, b
2. Only c, d
3. Only a, b, c
4. Only a, b, d

36. Which of the following statements is/are not correct?

a. Article-365 also empowers the President to issue a proclamation of President’s Rule in a State.
b. A proclamation of President’s Rule must be approved by both the Houses of Parliament within one month.
c. If approved by both the Houses of Parliament, the President’s Rule continues for one year.
d. The decision of imposing President’s Rule can be struck down by the court.

**Answer options:**
1. Only b
2. Only b and c
3. Only c and d
4. Only a and d
37. Which one of the following statements is correct?

(1) The total number of ministers, excluding the Chief Minister in a State shall not exceed 15 percent of the total strength of the Legislative Assembly.

(2) The total number of ministers including the Chief Minister shall not be less than 12 in a State.

(3) The strength of the Council of Ministers of Delhi is fixed at 15 percent of the total strength of the Legislative Assembly.

(4) None of the above

38. Which of the following States has only one member in Rajya Sabha?

a. Arunachal Pradesh
b. Goa
c. Himachal Pradesh
d. Mizoram
e. Uttaranchal

Answer options:

(1) Only a, b, c
(2) Only b, c, d
(3) Only c, d, e
(4) Only a, b, d
For election to the Lok Sabha, a nomination paper can be filed by
(1) anyone residing in India.
(2) any citizen of India.
(3) a resident of the constituency from which the election is to be contested.
(4) a citizen of India whose name is enrolled in the electoral roll of any parliamentary constituency.

Match the pairs (Powers of President):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>A</th>
<th>B</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Emergency in the whole or part of India</td>
<td>I. Article 360</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>b. Restrict or prohibit the distribution of revenues</td>
<td>II. Article 354</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Suspend the enforcement of fundamental rights</td>
<td>III. Article 352</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>d. To declare a financial emergency</td>
<td>IV. Article 359</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Answer options:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>1</th>
<th>2</th>
<th>3</th>
<th>4</th>
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<tr>
<td>a</td>
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(1) III II I IV
(2) I II III IV
(3) III II IV I
(4) III IV II I
The Parliament can make a law on a subject in the State List when

- a proclamation of Financial Emergency is in force.
- one or more States make a request to the Parliament to make a law on a State subject.
- Rajya Sabha passes a resolution by simple majority that such subjects have acquired national importance.

Which of the above statements is/are correct?

**Answer options:**

1. a, b, c  
2. Only a  
3. Only b and c  
4. None of the above

The role and functions of the Parliament are

- to form or end the Government.
- to call for information.
- to monitor the expenditure of public funds.
- to safeguard the Constitution.

**Answer options:**

1. Only a, b, c  
2. Only b, c, d  
3. Only a, c, d  
4. Only a, b, d
The expenditure charged on the Consolidated Fund of India shall include

a. the emoluments and allowances of the Resident.
b. the emoluments and allowances of the Prime Minister.
c. the salary and allowances of the Chairman of the Council of State.
d. the salary and allowances of the Comptroller and Auditor General of India.

**Answer options:**

(1) Only a, b, c  (2) Only c, d, b  
(3) Only a, c, d  (4) All of the above

The salary and allowances of the Comptroller and Auditor General

(1) are determined by the President in consultation with the Chief Justice of India. 
(2) are determined by the Parliament. 
(3) are determined by the President in consultation with the Union Council of Ministers. 
(4) are determined by the Union Council of Ministers.
Match the pairs (Member of Lok Sabha):

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>'A' (State)</th>
<th>'B' (No. of members)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>a. Himachal Pradesh</td>
<td>I. 2</td>
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<tr>
<td>b. Jammu and Kashmir</td>
<td>II. 4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>c. Uttarakhand</td>
<td>III. 5</td>
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<tr>
<td>d. Goa</td>
<td>IV. 6</td>
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</table>
46. "स्वास्थ्य शासन" ह्या विषयाचा समावेश भारतीय संविधानात व ७ व्या सूचीतील _______ यादीमध्ये करण्यात
आला आहे?
(1) संघ  (2) राज्य
(3) समवर्ती  (4) उपर्युक्त अधिकार
'Local government' is included in the _______ list in the 7th Schedule of the
Indian Constitution.
(1) Union  (2) State
(3) Concurrent  (4) Residual Powers

47. महानगरशाली आयुक्तांसंबंधी विषयांपैकी अनुकूल विषयांना निवडा.
अ. महानगरशाली कॅबिनेट बैठकांमध्ये आयुक्त चैतन्य सहभागी होऊ शकतात.
ब. या बैठकांमध्ये आयुक्तांना म्हणून देशाचा अधिकार नाही.
क. आयुक्त या बैठकांमध्ये कोणताही प्रस्ताव मांडू शकत नाहीत.
पर्यायी उत्तरे:
(1) अ, ब आणि क  (2) फक्त अ आणि ब
(3) फक्त अ आणि क  (4) फक्त ब आणि क
Find the correct statements from below about Commissioner of Municipal
Corporation.
a. The Commissioner can participate in discussions in the meetings of the
Corporation.
b. The Commissioner cannot vote in these meetings.
c. The Commissioner cannot make any proposition in the meetings.

Answer options:
(1) a, b and c  (2) Only a and b
(3) Only a and c  (4) Only b and c

48. राष्ट्रीय ग्राम स्वाराज अभियान या योजनेसंबंधी सवलीली विषयांपैकी विषयां/ने निवडा.
अ. या योजनेसंबंधी कॅबिनेट निहाय आणि राज्य निहाय असे दोन भाग आहेत.
ब. राज्य निहाय भागात कॅबिनेट-राज्य वाटीचे गुणोत्तर ६० : ४० आहे.
क. ईशाय भागात आणि डॉमिन राज्यसाठी कॅबिनेट-राज्य वाटीचे गुणोत्तर ६० : ४० आहे.
ह. सवल कॅबिनेटसाठी प्रदेशसाठी वाटीचे गुणोत्तर ५० : १० आहे.
पर्यायी उत्तरे:
(1) अ, ब, क आणि ड  (2) फक्त ब आणि क
(3) फक्त क आणि ड  (4) फक्त ड
Find the incorrect statement/s about Rashtriya Gram Swaraj Abhiyan.
a. The scheme consists of Central and State components.
b. The Centre-State sharing pattern for the State component is in the ratio of
60 : 40.
c. In North-East and Hilly States, Centre-State sharing pattern is in the ratio of
90 : 10.
d. For all UTs the sharing pattern is in the ratio of 80 : 10.

Answer options:
(1) a, b, c and d  (2) Only b and c
(3) Only c and d  (4) Only d

कर्मचारी कामासाठी जगा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK  P.T.O.
49. Find the incorrect statement/s about Cantonment Boards.

(a) 'Local Self Government in Cantonments' is included in the concurrent list in the Indian Constitution.
(b) Cantonment Boards are democratic bodies which look after the municipal administration of notified areas.
(c) There are three population-wise categories of Cantonment.

Answer options:
(1) a and c
(2) Only a and c
(3) Only b and c
(4) Only a

50. With reference to Panchayat Devolution Index, find the incorrect statement.

(a) The Index assesses how far the States have progressed in empowering Panchayat Raj.
(b) The Ministry of Panchayati Raj and the National Council of Applied Economics Research have prepared the Index.
(c) The Index measures the functions, finance and functionaries of the Panchayati Raj Institutions.
(d) The Index was prepared by the NITI Aayog and the Ministry of Rural Development.

Answer options:
(1) Only a, b and d
(2) Only b, c and d
(3) Only a, c and d
(4) Only a, b and c

51. Which subjects are included in 12th Schedule of the Indian Constitution?

(a) Roads and bridges
(b) Fire services
(c) Slum improvements
(d) Postal services

Answer options:
(1) Only a, b and d
(2) Only b, c and d
(3) Only a, c and d
(4) Only a, b and c
52. Consider the following statements regarding the Municipal Councils:

a. There are 38 to 65 members in “A” Class Municipal Councils.
b. There are 23 to 37 members in “B” Class Municipal Councils.
c. There are 17 to 23 members in “C” Class Municipal Councils.
d. There are 11 to 17 members in “D” Class Municipal Councils.

Which of the following statements given above are correct?

Answer options:

(1) Only a, b and c  
(2) Only b, c and d  
(3) Only a, c and d  
(4) Only a, b and d

53. Which of the following statement(s) regarding the Ashok Mehta Committee is/are incorrect?

a. The Ashok Mehta Committee recommended the creation of a three-tier system of Panchayati Raj.
b. Nyay Panchayat should be kept as separate bodies.
c. Zila Parishad should be made responsible for economic planning at the district level.

Answer options:

(1) Only a  
(2) Only a and b  
(3) Only b  
(4) Only b and c
54. Duties of the Sub-Divisional Officer are
   a. To supervise and inspect all revenue matters
   b. To give decision in cases pertaining to land rights
   c. To recommend to the Collector for grant of arms license
   d. To inspect school administration

   Answer options:
   (1) Only a, b and c
   (2) Only a, b and d
   (3) Only a, c and d
   (4) Only b, c and d

55. To whom and when can the appeal be made against the judgment of a Collector on the disputed election of a Sarpanch?

   (1) To District Court within 15 days
   (2) To High Court within 30 days
   (3) To Divisional Commissioner within 15 days
   (4) To District Election Commissioner within 7 days
56. Consider the following statements regarding the Swarna Jayanti Gram Self-employment Scheme:

a. This scheme is implemented to assist families living below the poverty line.

b. Under this scheme financial assistance and government subsidies are provided to furnish the families with permanent income generating tools.

c. Self-help groups are not assigned any role in this scheme.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

Answer options:

(1) Only a and b

(2) Only b and c

(3) Only a and c

(4) Only c

57. Consider the following statements regarding the Swarna Jayanti Gram Self-employment Scheme:

a. The Panchayat Samiti and Zila Parishad members are directly elected.

b. The minimum age should be 18 years to contest election at the Panchayat level.

c. Elections to the Panchayat Raj Institutions are conducted under the guidance of the State Election Commission.

d. For the financial review of Panchayats, a Finance Commission is established by the State Government.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

Answer options:

(1) Only a and b

(2) Only a, c and d

(3) Only a

(4) Only c
58. Consider the following statements:

a. The Balwantrai Mehta Committee was established in 1957.
b. Balwantrai Mehta was the ex-Chief Minister of Madhya Pradesh.
c. Thakur Phoolsingh, B.G. Rao, D.P. Singh were the other members of the Committee.
d. Rajasthan was the first State to implement the three-tier Panchayati Raj System.

Which of the statements given above are **correct**?

**Answer options**:

(1) Only a, b and c  
(2) Only a, b and d  
(3) Only a, c and d  
(4) Only b, c and d

---

59. Consider the following statements:

a. Maharashtra became the first Indian State to implement the 73rd Constitutional Amendment.
b. Mizoram, Meghalaya and Nagaland were exempted from the 73rd Constitutional Amendment.

Which of the statements(s) given above are **correct**?

**Answer options**:

(1) Only a  
(2) Only b  
(3) a and b  
(4) Neither a nor b
60. जोड़का लावा (मध्ययुगीन कालाधारी पंचायत) :

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>'अ'</th>
<th>'ब'</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>अ. मोगा</td>
<td>i. शिक्षदार</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ब. पर्गणा</td>
<td>ii. सरपंच</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>क. प्रांत</td>
<td>iii. अमलगुज़र</td>
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<td>द. शिक</td>
<td>iv. अमीर</td>
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</tbody>
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पदार्थी उत्तरे :

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<tr>
<td>(4) iii</td>
<td>ii</td>
<td>iv</td>
<td>i</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Match the pairs (Panchayat in Medieval Age) :

‘अ’ 'ब’

a. योग | i. शिक्षदार |
b. पर्गणा | ii. सरपंच |
c. प्रांत | iii. अमलगुज़र |
d. शिक | iv. अमीर |

Answer options :

<table>
<thead>
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<th>a</th>
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<td>(4) iii</td>
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<td>i</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

61. राष्ट्रीय न्यायिक नियुक्ति आयोग या नावाने राज्यांत योगशास्त्र आयोग मध्ये खालील व्यक्त्यांचा समावेश असेल :

| अ. भारताचे मुख्य न्यायमूल उर्लुणी |
| ब. इतर भारताचे 2 नेके न्यायाधीश मुख्य न्यायमूलाचा खालीलातल्ये |
| क. संघात्यावेळ, विधी आणि न्यायमूली |
| द. दोन विख्यात व्यक्ति, जे नामकरणेशीत केलेने जातील एका कमेटी द्वारे ज्यात, पंतप्रधान, भारताचे मुख्य न्यायमूलक आणि विरोधीप्रशासन नेता असेल |

प्रश्नीय उत्तरे :

(1) प्रयोग 'अ', 'ब' आणि 'क' योग्य आहेत 
(2) प्रयोग 'ब', 'क' आणि 'ड' योग्य आहेत 
(3) फक्त प्रयोग 'ड' योग्य आहे 
(4) सर्व प्रयोग योग्य आहेत 

There shall be a commission to be known as National Judicial Appointments commission, consisting of the following, namely :

a. The Chief Justice of India 
b. Two other Senior Judges of the Supreme Court next to the Chief Justice of India 
c. The Union Minister Incharge of Law and Justice 
d. Two eminent persons to be nominated by the Committee consisting of Prime Minister, The Chief Justice of India and the Leader of Opposition 

Answer options :

(1) Option a, b and c are correct 
(2) Option b, c and d are correct 
(3) Only option d is correct 
(4) All options are correct
In case of a complaint against the Chairperson or member of Lokpal, the President may, by order remove from the office, the Chairperson or any member, if the Chairperson or such member as the case may be

a. is adjudged insolvent.

b. engages during his term of office, in any paid employment outside the duties of his office.

c. in the opinion of the President, unfit to continue in office by reason of infirmity of body or mind.

d. deemed to be guilty of misbehaviour.

**Answer options**: 

(1) Options a, b and c are correct  
(2) All options are correct  
(3) Options b, c and d are correct  
(4) Options a, b and d are correct

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By whom is Advisory Jurisdiction of the Supreme Court used?

(1) President  
(2) Prime Minister  
(3) Chief Justice of India  
(4) Parliament
64. Under which of the following conditions as per Article 217(2) shall a person not be qualified for appointment of a High Court Judge?

(1) He is a citizen of India
(2) He has held a judicial office for at least 10 years in the territory of India or of two or more such courts in succession
(3) He has worked for not less than 10 years as an Advocate of a High Court
(4) His name is not recommended by the Council of Ministers

65. Ordinarily the letter or petition falling under the following categories should be entertained as Public Interest Litigation:

a. Neglected children
b. Bonded labour matters
c. Petition against atrocities on women, bride burning, rape and murder, etc
d. Petition against the police for refusing to register a case and also for harassment by police in police custody

Answer options:

(1) Options a, b and c are correct
(2) Options b, c and d are correct
(3) All options are correct
(4) Only options a and b are correct
66. Which of the following statements are applicable for the Tenth Plan?
a. The Tenth Plan’s duration was 1 April, 2002 – 31 March, 2007
b. Target of GDP growth was 8%
c. Target of industrial growth was 10%
d. Increase of literacy to 7% by 2007

Answer options:
(1) Only a
(2) Only a and d
(3) Only a, b and c
(4) All of the above

67. Who of the following formulated the wage-goods strategy of development?
(1) Mahalanobis
(2) Ragnar Nurkse
(3) C.N. Vakil and P.R. Brahmananda
(4) Jagdish Bhagwati

68. Which is/are the main cause/s of unemployment in India?
a. Lack of education
b. Employment policy
c. Inappropriate technology
d. Poverty

Answer options:
(1) Only a and b
(2) Only c
(3) Only a and d
(4) All of the above
The First Five Year Plan's target was 2.1 percent per annum increase in national income, actually it was fulfilled by
(1) 3.3 percent per annum
(2) 4.2 percent per annum
(3) 4.5 percent per annum
(4) 5.6 percent per annum

Which of the following States in India shows a wide variation in higher human development and relatively lower income?
(1) Maharashtra (2) Punjab (3) Gujarat (4) Kerala

Which are the main challenges in the Indian Economy?
- Low per capita income
- Income inequality
- Poverty
- Problem of unemployment

Answer options:
(1) Only a (2) Only b
(3) Only a and c (4) All of the above
72. Consider the following statements:

a. In 1984, the Government of Maharashtra appointed a fact finding committee on regional imbalances.

b. Dr. V.M. Dandekar was the Chairman of that committee.

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

(1) Only a  (2) Only b  (3) a and b  (4) None of these

73. Which sector is assumed as 'Core sector' in the Tenth Plan?

a. Industrial sector
b. Agricultural sector
c. Co-operative sector
d. Educational sector

Answer options:

(1) Only a  (2) Only a and b  (3) Only b  (4) None of the above

74. What was the percentage share of tertiary sector at constant price of 2004 - 05 in the year 2011 - 12?

(1) 16.48  (2) 26.11  (3) 57.42  (4) 29.64

75. Which of the following figures indicates rural poverty ratio of India in 1999 - 2000?

(1) 36.0%  (2) 27.10%  (3) 26.1%  (4) 37.3%

कथ्या कामासाठी जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
76. Given below is a list of natural numbers 1 to 20 in such a way that sum of each adjacent pair is a prime number. Study the list and select the false statement with respect to it.

20, A, 16, 15, 4, B, 12, C, 10, 7, 6, D, 2, 17, 14, 9, 8, 5, 18, E

(1) D या वर्णाकाराची क्रिंत B च्या क्रिंतीनुसार बदलते.
(2) E या वर्णाकाराची क्रिंत निषीचतपणे 13 आहे.
(3) A या वर्णाकाराची क्रिंत निषीचतपणे 3 आहे.
(4) B ची क्रिंत एक तर 1 किंवा 19 असेल.

Given below is a list of natural numbers 1 to 20 in such a way that sum of each adjacent pair is a prime number. Study the list and select the false statement with respect to it.

20, A, 16, 15, 4, B, 12, C, 10, 7, 6, D, 2, 17, 14, 9, 8, 5, 18, E

(1) Value of alphabet D changes according to value of B.
(2) Value of alphabet E is definitely 13.
(3) Value of alphabet A is definitely 3.
(4) Value of B may be either 1 or 19.

77. योजनेच्या आयातकार्याय एकादिक भागाचे निर्देशन कृतात अंशांक निवड.

(1) \( \frac{8}{15} \)     (2) \( \frac{17}{30} \)
(3) \( \frac{5}{8} \)     (4) \( \frac{1}{2} \)

Select the fraction that represents lined part of the accompanying rectangle.

(1) \( \frac{8}{15} \)     (2) \( \frac{17}{30} \)
(3) \( \frac{5}{8} \)     (4) \( \frac{1}{2} \)

केढ्या कामातील जागा / SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK
Left-hand transparent paper sheet is folded to get single square shape as shown in the options by folding along lines. Select the most appropriate fold.
Two ants start from point A together and walk at the same speed, one along square boundary and other along rectangular boundary. Select the minimum distance in cm each one of them needs to cover for meeting again.

Select the number of ways 19 pink balloons and 17 blue balloons be tied in a row so that no two blue balloons are together if all are otherwise identical.

Jaya travelled a distance of 50 km in 8 hours. She covered a part of distance on foot at the rate of 4 km per hour and a part on a bicycle at the rate of 10 km per hour. How much distance did she travel on foot?
Much of what goes by the name of pleasure is simply an effort to destroy consciousness. If one started by asking, what is man? What are his needs? How can he best express himself? One would discover that merely having the power to avoid work and live one's life from birth to death in electric light and to the tune of tinned music is not a reason for doing so. Man needs warmth, society, leisure, comfort and security: he also needs solitude, creative work and the sense of wonder. If he recognized this, he could use the products of science and industrialism eclectically, applying always the same test: does this make me more human or less human? He would then learn that the highest happiness does not lie in relaxing, resting, playing poker, drinking and making love simultaneously.

The questions asked in the first part of the text reveal that author implies that human beings

(1) have other needs along with physical needs.
(2) are separated from their true nature as a result of products of science.
(3) are always engaged in seeking the meaning of life.
(4) are always engaged in finding the purpose of life.
84. “भारतात बनवा” या अभियानासंदर्भात लेखकांनी नेतृत्वले निरीक्षण अभ्यास आहे:

ज्ञानी, श्रमिक आणि भांडकल यांच्या एकाच जॅथा उपचारकांना अर्थव्यवस्थेत आपल्या स्वतंत्रतेच्या उपलब्धतेसाठी आहे. ज्ञानी वरील बाजूला उठावताना निर्देशन देताना दोलींच्या उपचारकांना अर्थव्यवस्थेत उपलब्धतेच्या उपलब्धतेसाठी आहे. ज्ञानी लोकांनी बहुतेही उद्योजकांना उपलब्धतेच्या उपलब्धतेसाठी आहे. ज्ञानी लोकांनी बहुतेही उद्योजकांना उपलब्धतेच्या उपलब्धतेसाठी आहे. ज्ञानी लोकांनी बहुतेही उद्योजकांना उपलब्धतेच्या उपलब्धतेसाठी आहे. ज्ञानी लोकांनी बहुतेही उद्योजकांना उपलब्धतेच्या उपलब्धतेसाठी आहे.

अ. भारतातील शहरीकरण मरी जगण सर्वत्र मंद असतायमुळे “भारतात बनवा” हे अभियान मागे पडत आहे.

ब. खेळाडूतातील लोकांनी शहरात तत्वात्त्विक उद्योग उपराणीसाठी खेळाडूतातील ज्ञानी योजकां तली पाहिजे.

क. शासनाने उद्योगांच्या उपराणीसाठी खेळाडूतातील भूसंपत्त तलम करणारे कायदे बनवायला हवेत.

ड. राष्ट्रीय विकासासाठी शासनाने खेळाडूतातील लोकांना शहरी क्षेत्रात स्थानांतरित होणे अनिवार्य केले पाहिजे.

पद्धती जते:
(1) अ वगळता एकही नाही (2) ड वगळता सर्व
(3) ब वगळता एकही नाही (4) ब वगळता सर्व

Study the following observation noted by author with respect to “Make in India” initiative:

Economic production arises from a combination of land, labour and capital. But with this respect, the hurdles for business are immense. India's land acquisition laws are impossible. Trying to buy land drives most entrepreneurs to distraction – or resort to corruption. The current land acquisition legislation is unworkable. And given the terrible state of land records, there is no chance anyone can do better. Only the movement of the rural population to urban life will solve the land problem.

Unfortunately, India's urbanization is one of the slowest in the world.

Select the appropriate interpretation/s with respect to the above information.

a. “Make in India” initiative is suffering as India’s urbanization is one of the slowest in the world.

b. Rural population should migrate to the urban areas and vacate rural land for setting up industries.

c. Government should make laws favourable for procuring rural land for setting up industries.

d. Government should make it compulsory for rural population to migrate to the urban area for national development.

Answer options:
(1) None but a (2) All but d
(3) None but b (4) All but b
De Botton imagines ‘ideal news organisation’ in his new book *The News: A User’s Manual*. He expects that this organization exists solely to enrich lives of the members of society. Select the statement/s that/those does/do not support/s his imagination about ‘ideal news’.

a. Political news would paint a sympathetic picture of the social realities of our nation and encourage action to correct its ‘systematic ills’.

b. World news would create a detailed, sensory overview of other cultures for helping us to break the shackles of our ‘globalised provincialism’.

c. War news would help us to know how our war heroes struggle to keep us safe from our enemies so that we can celebrate their sacrifice and killing of enemies.

d. Crime reporting would highlight chronic human folly and the need to both understand and control our emotional impulses.

**Answer options:**

(1) All but c

(2) None but c

(3) All as they don’t give any importance to nationalism

(4) None as all of them are helping us to widen our perspectives as human beings
Statements:

a. All switches are plugs.
b. Some plugs are bulbs.
c. All bulbs are holders.

Conclusions:

I. All holders are plugs.
II. Some plugs are switches.

Find the **correct** alternatives:

(1) Conclusion I is true
(2) Conclusion II is true
(3) Conclusions I and II, both are true
(4) Conclusions I and II, both are untrue

In a certain flight crew, the positions of the pilot, copilot and flight engineer are held by Mr. Aadit, Mr. Dhananjay and Mr. Amogh, though not necessarily in that order given. The following statements are true for all the three:

I. The copilot is an only child and earns the least.
II. Amogh is married to Dhananjay’s sister and earns more than the pilot.

Who is the copilot?

(1) Aadit  (2) Dhananjay
(3) Amogh  (4) Either Aadit or Amogh
A man paid ₹ 160 while travelling 10 km in a taxi which has some initial fixed charges. Another man paid ₹ 276 for travelling 16 km and the taxi driver charged double of the initial fixed charges from him. Then the charges of the taxi per km are

(1) ₹ 10  
(2) ₹ 13  
(3) ₹ 11  
(4) ₹ 17

The present age of the father is twice that of the elder son. Ten years hence, the age of the father will be three times that of the younger son. If the difference in the ages of the two sons is 15 years, the present age of the father is

(1) 110 years  
(2) 70 years  
(3) 60 years  
(4) 50 years

In a class, 40% of the students enrolled for Maths and 70% enrolled for Geography. If 15% of the students enrolled for both Maths and Geography, choose the percentage of the students of the class which did not enrol for either of the two subjects.

(1) 5  
(2) 15  
(3) 0  
(4) 25
Calculating the density of population in Maharashtra using the following formula:

\[ \text{Population density of Maharashtra} = \frac{\text{Population of Maharashtra}}{\text{Total Population of Districts}} \]

\[ \text{Population density of Maharashtra (sq. km)} = \frac{\text{Total Population of Maharashtra}}{\text{Total area of Maharashtra (sq. km)}} \]

\[ \text{Population density of Maharashtra} = \frac{\text{Total District area (sq. km)}}{\text{Total area of Maharashtra (sq. km)}} \]

**Answer options:**
(1) a is correct
(2) b is correct
(3) a and b are correct
(4) c is correct
92. Which of the following statements is incorrect?
   a. Intellectual migration leads to increase in young and talented people in the arrival region.
   b. Intellectual people benefit the arrival region.
   c. Migration of intellectual people badly affects the arrival region.
   d. Migration of intellectual people results in fast economic development of the arrival region.

Answer options:
   (1) Only a
   (2) b and d
   (3) Only c
   (4) None of the above

93. What is the length (km) of Sahyadri Mountains of Maharashtra?
   (1) 420
   (2) 440
   (3) 470
   (4) 520

94. Which river basins lie to the north and south of the Balaghat Plateau?
   (1) Godavari and Bhima
   (2) Narmada and Tapi
   (3) Panchganga and Ghatprabha
   (4) Wainganga and Penganga

95. The Astambha peak is in which district of Maharashtra?
   (1) Nashik
   (2) Amaravati
   (3) Nandurbar
   (4) Dhule
96. What is the distance (km) from the ‘Bombay High’ oilfield to the western side of Mumbai?
(1) 172 km (2) 174 km (3) 176 km (4) 178 km

97. Arrange the following districts as per the availability of forested area (sq. km) in descending order.
d. Amaravati e. Wardha
Answer options:
(1) d, e, b, c, a (2) a, b, c, d, e (3) b, a, d, c, e (4) c, d, e, b, a

98. What is the rank of Maharashtra in population in India, according to 2011 census?
(1) First (2) Second (3) Third (4) Fourth

99. Which of the following are the two highest spoken languages by the people after Marathi language in Maharashtra?
Answer options:
(1) a and b (2) c and d (3) e and f (4) a and d

100. Which of the following rivers is the right bank tributary of Godavari?
(1) Manjira (2) Shivana (3) Dudhana (4) Sabari
नमुना प्रश्न

प्र. क्र. 201. सतीश की चाल गत तथ्यात्मक कर्मचारी कोणी मूलत: प्रयत्न केले?

(1) स्वामी द्वारकनंद सरस्वती । (2) ईश्वरचंद्र विद्यासागर ।
(3) राजा राममोहन रोय । (4) गोपालकृष्ण गोकुलले

हा प्रत्येके बोध उत्तर “(3) राजा राममोहन रोय” असे आहे. त्यामुळे या प्रश्नाचे उत्तर “(3)” होईल. वास्तवाने वाताने प्रश्न 201 समाप्त उत्तर-क्रमांक “(3)” हे वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायाधिकत करून दाखवल्याला आवश्यक आहे.

प्र. क्र. 201. ① ② ③ ④

अशा पद्धतीने प्रस्तुत प्रश्नविशिष्टताचे प्रश्नाचा तुमचा उत्तर-क्रमांक हा तुम्हाला स्वतंत्रतिरावी विद्यालयाची उपत्यकेचे त्या त्या प्रश्नक्रमांकस्वीत त्याने वर्तुळ पूर्णपणे छायाधिकत करून दाखवावा. झाल्यात फक्त कायम्या शाईचे बॉलपेन वापरावे, पेंसिल वा शाईचे पेन वापर नवे.

करच्या कार्यात्मक जागा/SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK